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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/772,674	02/04/2004	Marc Ira Lipton	8285/671	5600
7590 01/25/2008 Peter C. Breen		EXAMINER		
BRINKS HOFER GILSON & LIONE			SING, SIMON P	
P.O. BOX 10395 CHICAGO, IL 60610			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2614	
•			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/25/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/772,674	LIPTON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Simon Sing	2614				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was realiure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	J. lety filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 Oc	ctober 2007.	•				
·						
/ -	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>34-57</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>34-57</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	·					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
		·				
Attachment(s)	🗖	(DTO 440)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal F					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Uther:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 34-57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Edwards et al. US 5,819,029 in view of O'Neal et al. US 5,887,253.
- 1.1 Regarding claims 34 and 46, Edwards discloses a third party verification system in figure 1, comprising:

a receiver (a telephone interface in the system controller 112) associated with a third party verification (TPV) service to receive, during a telecommunication call, a reply message to confirm an authorized switching to a new long distance service (a telephone service inherently has term and condition) (column 9, line 41 to column 10, line 63; column 12, lines 59-67);

a processor (system controller 112) in communication with the receiver;

a database (IVR response repository 114) in communication with the processor; and

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wherein the processor creates a record in the database, including audio recordings of affirmative acceptance of the long distance service (column 13, line 66 to column 14, line 23; column 15, lines 27-61).

Edwards teaches verifying, without a service contract, a switch to another a long distance telephone service provider. Edwards is silent on the terms and conditions of a contract.

However, O'Neal teaches a voice response unit (VRU) for playing a prerecorded voice messages (prompts) concerning terms and conditions of a mobile telephone service to a potential customer, and recording responses from the customer. O'Neal teaches prompting the customer, without a contract, to accept terms and conditions, charges and payment, and other contract related provisions (column 13, lines 19-25).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Edwards' reference with the teaching of O'Neal, so that terms and conditions prompts would have been played to and accepted by a customer without a contract, because such a modification would have provided proof that a customer understood and approved the terms of a new service.

1.2 Regarding claim 35, Edwards teaches that a spoken reply message indicates an acceptance of a telephone service (column 10, lines 43-55, 61-63; column 12, lines 64-67).

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- 1.3 Regarding claims 36 and 47, Edwards teaches recording a subscriber's identity information (column 14, lines 1-2).
- 1.4 Regarding claim 37, Edwards teaches indicating a service provide identity (column 10, lines 49-51; column 12, lines 64-67).
- 1.5 Regarding claim 38, Edwards teaches timing information of a call (column 6, lines 44-46).
- 1.6 Regarding claim 39, Edwards teaches the identity of a calling party (telemarketer) (column 10, lines 11-15).
- 1.7 Regarding claims 40 and 48, Edwards teaches recording a customer's responses to verification prompts (column 10, lines 61-64).
- 1.8 Regarding claims 41, 49 and 50, it is inherent that by law, a service provider is required to mail a customer a printed copy of terms and conditions of a service contract (see US 3,999,700, column 3, lines 28-33).
- 1.9 Regarding claims 42 and 51, Edwards teaches a verbal service message (column 10, lines 49-51; column 12, lines 64-67).

- 1.10 Regarding claims 43 and 52, Edwards teaches a long distance telephone service (column 10, lines 49-51; column 12, lines 64-67).
- 1.11 regarding claims 44 and 53, Edwards teaches a voice call initiated by a telemarketer (column 9, lines 41-51).
- 1.12 Regarding claim 45, Edwards teaches conferencing a telemarketer with the verification process, and in that the telemarketer may speak to the customer on intervene at any time (column 10, lines 24-28).
- 1.13 Regarding claims 54-57, Edwards teaches prompting a customer to say 'yes' or 'no' to a long distance telephone service (column 12, lines 64-67).

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed on 10/30/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Edward and O'Neal fail to teach the claimed limitation of: "wherein the terms and conditions are accepted without a contract".

As stated in the rejection above, Edward teaches, without a service contact, prompting a customer to verify an acceptance of a communications service. O'Neal teaches verifying, without a contract, an acceptance of terms, condition and other contract provisions. Therefore, both Edwards and O'Neal teach accepting terms and conditions of a service without a contract.

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Conclusion

3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner should be directed to Simon Sing whose telephone number is 571-272-7545. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 8:30 AM to 5:30 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Fan Tsang, can be reached at 571-272-7547. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2600.

S. Sing

01/16/2008